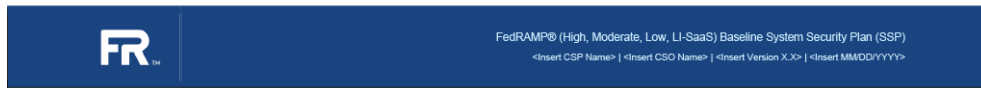


Appendix K: FIPS-199 Worksheet

The system's overall FIPS-199 impact level is determined primarily by the sensitivity of the information it processes.



Appendix K Federal Information Processing Standard (FIPS) 199 Categorization

Table K.1 <Insert CSO Name> Applicable Information Types with Security Impact Levels Using NIST SP 800-60 V2 R1

Information Type	NIST SP 800-60 V2 R1 Recommended Confidentiality Impact Level	NIST SP 800-60 V2 R1 Recommended Integrity Impact Level	NIST SP 800-60 V2 R1 Recommended Availability Impact Level	CSP Selected Confidentiality Impact Level	CSP Selected Integrity Impact Level	CSP Selected Availability Impact Level	Statement for Impact Adjustment Justification

The overall FIPS-199 impact level is represented under `system-characteristics`:

- `security-sensitivity-level`
 - The value must be one of `fips-199-low`, `fips-199-moderate` or `fips-199-high`

The FIPS-199 Categorization worksheet is an inventory of information types in the system, based on [NIST SP 800-60 Volume 2](#).

- Create one entry under `information-types` for each information type.
- For each information type:
 - Assign a `uuid`
 - Assign the NIST SP 800-63 information type name to the `title`
 - `description` is a required OSCAL field that is not acknowledged by FedRAMP. Consider offering context or citing 800-60.
 - The `categorizations` array should have one entry that includes:
 - `system` set to "http://doi.org/10.6028/NIST.SP.800-60v2r1"
 - the `information-type-ids` array should have one entry
 - Use the NIST SP 800-60 information type ID
 - Exactly match the case as it appears in 800-60. (e.g., `C.2.3.1` or `D.15.5`)

- The `confidentiality-impact` must have:
 - a `base` field with the value defined in 800-60.
 - a `selected` field with the value selected by the CSP.
 - If the value in `selected` does not match the value in `base`, use `adjustment-justification` to capture the "Statement for Impact Adjustment Justification"
 - `base` and `selected` values must be one of `fips-199-low`, `fips-199-moderate` or `fips-199-high`
- `integrity-impact` and `availability-impact` are treated the same as `confidentiality-impact`` above.

Other information types or categorizations may be present if the SSP also represents compliance with other frameworks; however, the US Government must operate under NIST RMF and will only recognize the NIST SP 800-60 types.

OSCAL Representation

```

system-security-plan:
  system-characteristics:

    security-sensitivity-level: fips-199-high

  system-information:
    information-types:
      - uuid: 11111111-2222-4000-8000-006000000001
        title: Information Type Name
        description: A description of the information.
        categorizations:
          - system: http://doi.org/10.6028/NIST.SP.800-60v2r1
            information-type-ids:
              - C.2.4.1
        confidentiality-impact:
          base: fips-199-moderate
          selected: fips-199-moderate
          adjustment-justification: Required if the base and selected values do not
            match.
        integrity-impact:
          base: fips-199-moderate
          selected: fips-199-low
          adjustment-justification: Required if the base and selected values do not
            match.
        availability-impact:
          base: fips-199-moderate

```

selected: fips-199-moderate

adjustment-justification: Required if the base and selected values do not match.

OSCAL Allowed Values

Required value for `system`:

- `http://doi.org/10.6028/NIST.SP.800-60v2r1`

Valid values for `security-sensitivity-level`, `base` and `selected` fields:

- `fips-199-low`
- `fips-199-moderate`
- `fips-199-high`

Revision #8

Created 2026-02-11 22:53:24 UTC by Brian Ruf

Updated 2026-04-01 02:13:33 UTC by Brian Ruf